THE SOMERSET HERALD.

AND FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' REGISTER.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, HALF-YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

IF NOT PAID WITHIN THE YEAR, $2 50 WILL BE CHARGED.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY SAMUEL J. ROW, SOMERSET, SOMERSET COUNTY, PA.

New Series.] TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1847. Vol. 5.—No. 47

Notice.

ALL persons who know themselves indebted to the undersigned, while engaged in the TINNING BUSINESS, by note or book account, are requested to make payment of the same immediately to J. H. Benford, as a longer indulgence cannot be given.

JAMES H. BENFORD & CO.

Sept. 7'47.

MARBLE TOMB STONES.

THE subscriber thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the public generally, that he continues to carry on the Stone cutting business, at his shop in Somerset, where he will always keep on hand and finish to order a variety of MARBLE and COMMON

TOMB STONES,

all of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

Country produce taken in exchange for work at market prices.

BENJAMIN WOOLLEY.

March 2, 1847—1y

A CARD.

THE undersigned, Forwarding Merchants, at Cumberland, Md., have disposed of their interest in the business, to Mr. Walter Shriver, who will conduct the same, on his own account, at the old stand, using the name and style of "Dickinson & Co."

Mr. Shriver having long been their chief clerk, is well acquainted with the business, and the undersigned take pleasure in recommending him to the patronage of their old friends, who may be sending Merchandise or Produce over the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

DICKINSON & CO.

Aug24.-'47-2m*

CHAIRS! CHAIRS!

GORDON & MITCHELL.

Shop one door west of J. Neff's Tavern, and nearly opposite S. Kurtz's Drug Store, Main Street, Somerset, Pa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform the citizens of Somerset and surrounding country, that they intend to carry on the

Chair Making Business,

at their old stand, where they will constantly keep on hand and will make to order

Common, Fancy, & Tippecanoe CHAIRS,

Settees & Boston Rocking Chairs,

which they will sell very low for cash or exchange for lumber or approved country produce.

GEORGE L. GORDON,
C. F. MITCHELL.

june15-'47

EMANATING FROM A REGULAR PHYSICIAN.

DR. INGOLDSBY'S

Piles Specific.

AN INTERNAL REMEDY:

A CERTAIN AND RADICAL CURE: Whether Internal, External, Bleeding or Blind:

Has made radical cures in every case of the above mentioned complaints, as can be proved by personal reference, and several thousand certificates from all parts of the country.

The specific is an internal remedy, has a gentle action on the bowels, is pleasant to take, and perfectly harmless in the most delicate cases, male or female. Females before and after confinement are often troubled with constipation of the bowels, or costiveness, as well as the piles. In all such cases the Specific can be taken with perfect safety, and is a certain remedy.

PURGATIVES NOT NECESSARY,

So severe in their effects, and so liable to injure when used (*being in most cases the cause of piles when taken during fever and ague and many other diseases,*) are thus done away, with, as COSTIVENESS is easily removed by using this medicine, and the bowels restored to a vigorous and healthy action without leaving any perceptible effect on the system.

PILES OF SEVEN YEAR'S STANDING CURED.

DEAR DOCTOR:—I have been a perfect victim to the complaint called Piles, contracted in the West Indies in 1838, and during a term of seven years have suffered beyond anything that could be conceived of—loss of appetite, food tasteless, want of rest, burning pain, weakness in the kidneys, and a total want of strength. So decidedly opposed to anything bearing a resemblance to quackery, that I have abstained from any inward or outward application. From the recommendation of our mutual friend Potter, No. 4 Hanover st., I was induced to give your medicine a full trial, and to those who may be similarly afflicted I give you leave to show this, with my name attached, having been, I firmly believe, entirely cured of one of the most confirmed cases of Piles that any poor creature was troubled with. Make whatever use you think proper of this testimonial of your invaluable medicine, designated by you as Dr. Ingoldsby's Piles Specific, and accept of my best assurances for your future success.

With regard your obedient servant,

W. H. JONES, Auctioneer, 22 Pine st.

Reference can be given to some of our most eminent Physicians.

Price 50 cents per Box.

Sold by the following duly appointed agents for Somerset county, Pa.

J. J. & H. F. Schell, Somerset,
Snyder & Zimmerman, Stuystown,
Edmund Kiernan, Jenner X Roads
Phillippi & Kiernan, Roxbury.
Charles Krissinger Berlin
P & W Meyer Meyers Mill
Miller & Dively Salisbury
" " Grantsville Md
S C H McChesney Smithfield
Samuel Elder Petersburgh
Elias Stahl Mount Pela. [1y.]

Dr. W. S. Harah,

TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Centreville and vicinity. His office is at the White Hall Inn, (Joseph Pile's,) where at all times he may be found, unless absent on professional business. june8-tf

D. WEYAND. JOHN D. RODDY.

Law Partnership.

WEYAND AND RODDY, Attorneys at Law, will attend punctually to all business entrusted to them. Collections and other business solicited. Office immediately opposite the Hotel of Wm. H. Picking, Main street, Somerset, Pa. sept. 21 47-3m.

SOMERSET FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens at large, that they have fitted up a steam engine in complete order, which will enable them to say that they can compete with any establishment in Western Pennsylvania, in the way of castings. Their casting will consist in part, of

Stoves, Grates, Ploughs, and

Plough Points, and all kinds and description of HOLLOW-WARE.

They have also fitted up turning lathes and are ready at any time to take in turning, which will be done on the shortest notice.

It has been but a short time since the above named Foundry has been put in operation, and the undersigned are thankful for the very flattering support already offered them. They would also add, that they hope to give satisfaction to all who will hereafter give them a call.

ARMSTRONG & CO.

Somerset, Aug24, '47-3m

Private Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM,

In Donegal tp., Westmoreland Co., Pa.

THE subscriber offers for sale a VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND situate in Ligonier valley, Donegal tp., Westmoreland county, Pa., containing

187 ACRES,

adjoining lands of John Galbraith, John Philippi, Joseph Beatty, John Witherow and others, *one hundred* acres are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, the balance is well timbered, there is

25 acres in meadow,

and 20 acres sowed in timothy and clover last spring. The farm is well watered; the Loyalhanna creek passing through it, and a number of never failing springs of water thereon; there is on the premises a large and commodious

Two Story Frame House

and kitchen, a bank barn, smoke house, &c., and a saw mill on a good site; there is also an apple orchard and sugar camp on the premises. The above tract is situated in a good settlement, convenient to mill, within 2 miles of Centreville, and 6 of Ligonier, Laughlinstown and Donegal. Any person wishing to purchase will please call on Joseph Lloyd, Centreville, or Ephraim Lloyd, Donegal, who will show the premises and make known the terms. A good bargain will be given, and an indisputable title made by

JOHN LLOYD,

Aug31-'47-3m Mt. Pleasant.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale on the premises, on Friday the 8th of October next, the following valuable Real Estate, late the property of David Dibert, deceased, viz:

One Tract of Land,

being the home place, in Quemahoning township, Somerset county, containing 300 acres, about the one half cleared, and about 30 acres in meadow, two orchards, a large brick dwelling house,

one frame and one log house,

a bank barn and spring house, and other outbuildings, and sugar camp on the premises, situate one mile west of Stuystown on the turnpike, adjoining land of George Hertzel, Jonathan Statler and others.

Also one tract, adjoining the above mentioned tract, containing about

Twenty acres more or less,

a part thereof cleared and under fences.

Terms of Sale: One third of the purchase money to remain a lien on the premises, the interest thereof to be paid annually to the widow, during her lifetime, and at her decease the principal to be paid to the heirs of said deceased; the one half of the remainder of the purchase money to be paid in hand, and the balance in one year, without interest, to be secured by judgment bond or mortgage.

Attendance will be given by John Dibert and Adam Mowry, Administrators of said deceased.

By the Court,

WM. H. PICKING,

Sept. 7. 1847. Clerk.

BLANK SUMMONS' AND EXECUTIONS, For sale at this Office.

JOB PRINTING.

NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW GOODS.

I HAVE just returned from the Eastern cities, and am now opening a general assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries and Queensware, which I will dispose of cheaper than any Store in Somerset. My customers and the public in general are invited to call and examine for themselves.

JOHN M. HOLDERBAUM.

sept. 28, 1847.

STRAY STEER.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, residing in Summit township, about the 7th of August last,

A White Steer

with brown spots on the side of his neck and head, a crop out of the right ear near the head, and the left ear cut off, blind of one eye. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN P. BOWSER.

Sept. 21, 1847-3t

IN the matter of the estateof John Philippi, dec'd.

And now to wit August 30th, 1847, Edward Scull appointed Auditor to ascertain the advancements made to the heirs during the life time of said dec,d, and report.

Extract from the records of said court certified this 30th day of August, 1847.

W. H. PICKING, Clerk.

NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office in Somerset, on Saturday the 23d day of October next when and where all persons interested may if they see proper attend.

ED. SCULL.

Somerset, Sept. 28-47-4t.

IN the matter of the account of George Meese Administrator of C. Rice, dec'd.

And now to wit, August 30th, 1847, Edward Scull, Esq., appointed Auditor to report a distribution of the funds in the hands of the Administrator to and among the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd.

Extract from the records of said court certified this 30th day of August 1847

W. H. PICKING, Clerk.

TAKE NOTICE.

The undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office in Somerset, on Thursday the 21st day of October next, when and where all persons interested may attend.

ED. SCULL.

Somerset, Sept. 28-47-4t Auditors.

IN the matter of the account of Mary Fream, late Mary Graham, Administratrix &c. of John Graham, dec'd, and the account of Mary Fream, Executrix &c. of Smiley Fream, dec'd, as far as he was associated with her in the Administration *de bonis non* of John Graham, dec'd.

And now to wit September 7th, 1847, Edward Scull, Isaac Hugus and Daniel Weyand, Esq'rs., appointed Auditors to adjust the accounts, to report the facts and if necessary a new account.

Extract from the minutes of said court, certified this 7th day of Sept, 1847.

W. H. PICKING, Clerk.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the undersigned Auditors will meet at the office of Edward Scull, in the Borough of Somerset, on Friday the 29th day of October next, to attend to the duties of the above appointment when and where all persons interested may attend.

ED. SCULL,
ISAAC HUGUS,
DANIEL WEYAND.

Somerset, Sept. 28-47-4t. Auditors.

COST OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

One Hundred and Sixty-seven Millions of Dollars---Direct Taxation.

The debt created by the present War with Mexico amounted, on the 3d of the present month, to about **$167,000,000**! Remember that this enormous debt is brought upon the country in one year of Mr. Polk's War. ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY SEVEN MILLIONS already expended in the prosecution of this War, and for what benefit to the country! for what object! No benefit whatever to the country: and as to the object we can conceive of none, except to find profitable places for Locofoco office seekers, and to extend the area of slavery! Enormous and startling as is this amount of debt, there is yet another item still more appalling. *The lives of at least twenty thousand men* have been sacrificed upon the altar of this unnatural War! A War for all the consequences of which the People will hold James K. Polk and the Locofoco party responsible.

How is this immense debt of ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SEVEN MILLIONS to be paid? This is a question of vital importance to the People of Pennsylvania. It is contemplated by the leaders of the Polk and Shunk party to raise means for that purpose by DIRECT TAXATION UPON THE PEOPLE! Farmers of Pennsylvania— land holders— are you willing to be taxed in this frightful sum in support of Mr. Polk and his War? Reflect well upon this matter, and decide according to the dictates of your own consciences. You have the power, and if by your votes you retain the present rulers in office, you will be doing much towards bringing this overwhelming tax upon your farms and your lands. If you want the tax, vote for FRANCIS R. SHUNK, the Polk candidate for Governor, and you vote to bring it upon yourselves. It is certain that the Polk and Shunk party WILL, if they can, *levy a direct tax upon the People* to meet the War expenses.—Prominent Polk advocates have proclaimed this to be the object of the Administration, and the Washington Union boldly advocates DIRECT TAXATION.—Every vote given to Francis R. Shunk, is a vote in favor of *a direct tax to pay the expenses of the War.*—Penn. Int.

Sale of the Public Works.

The public plunderers, who have fastened the enormous debt of FORTY MILLIONS upon the back of Pennsylvania, and lived for years upon the public treasury, would raise a hue and cry against the Whigs because they are in favor of the sale of the public improvements at a high price, and a repeal of STATE TAXES. These Treasury vampyres would represent that the Whigs of the last Legislature were in favor of selling the main line for EIGHT MILLIONS! Nothing could be further from the truth.—No invention of the father of falsehoods was more false. The bill which was before the Legislature proves this. Its provisions were, that the main line should be sold for twenty millions, provided a company would take them at that price, and when one half was paid they could take control of the works, the revenue from them to be paid to the Commonwealth which was to hold the works and not transfer them to the company until the whole price was paid.

Such were briefly the provisions of the bill, guarded in every way so as to protect the interest of the State, which the Treasury plunderers would induce the Taxpayers to believe was intended to dispose of the public works for eight millions! This salutary measure was defeated by the most extraordinary and contumacious acts of the Locofoco members who refused to vote, and used every means to defeat the passage of the bill, and its being presented to Governor Shunk for approval or veto. The high-handed proceedings of the friends of Governor Shunk on that question were never before witnessed in a Pennsylvania Legislature, and will forever remain a blot upon her history.

But what are the facts with regard to the sale of the public works. But a short time since, the popular feeling was so overwhelming in favor of the measure, that a Locofoco Legislature, to stave it off and gain time to cheat the taxpayers, passed a bill submitting the question to a VOTE OF THE PEOPLE, which resulted in a majority of THIRTY THOUSAND IN FAVOR OF THE SALE! But this emphatic and astounding declaration of the popular will, was repudiated and never attempted to be carried out by the Locofocos. They disregarded the People's decision, and continued to riot on the spoils obtained by plunder of the public improvements, until a check was placed upon them by the election of James M. Power.

It was in conformity with this decision of the people, which the plunderers refused to carry out, that the Whigs of the last Legislature took the first opportunity in their power to provide a law that would effect a sale of the Main Line, and secure the rights and interests of the State. It is this attempt, which was prevented from being consummated by Locofoco outrage and violence, that they now decry, and would make the people believe, was an iniquitious attempt to sacrifice their interests!

But the swindle of 1844, is too fresh in the minds of the Freemen of this State to be misled on this subject. They don't believe the assertions of "Polk's near neighbour," nor of his followers and dependents. They have had enough of Polk and Shunk humbug and deception, and on the second Tuesday of October the ballot boxes will tell a tale that will prove a caution to demagogues and political knaves for a long time to come. Plunderers mark the prediction!—Penn. Tel.

From the Pennsylvania Telegraph.

The Loco Focos Owning the Swindle.

Some editors there are, who can consistent be,
While others grope about, in blind futurity
Pope, Jr.

During the campaign of 1844, both parties in Pennsylvania were untiring in their advocacy of the doctrine of *protection* to American manufactures and home labor. The friends of HENRY CLAY urged his claims to the confidence of the people of Pennsylvania on this ground, and the friends of Mr. Polk were no less urgent in insisting that he was a better friend of the tariff than Mr. Clay. Mr. Polk's letters on the subject were paraded before the people, and especially his letter to Mr. Kane relied upon, as conclusive evidence of his soundness on that subject. All parties then denounced as a traitor to the best interests of Pennsylvania, him who dared to contend that the tariff of 1842 would not be safe in the hands of Mr. Polk.

Among the most zealous advocates of that tariff then, was the Editor of the "*Democratic Union.*" He was highly indignant that the Whigs should even suggest, that Mr. Polk was unfriendly to *protection*, and in favor of *free-trade.* He stated to the world, through the columns of that paper, that Mr. Polk held "*the doctrine of free-trade in unqualified abhorrence.*" In that paper of June 5, 1844, his indignation bursts out towards the Harrisburg Intelligencer, in the following strain:

COL. POLK AND THE TARIFF—A VILE WHIG FALSEHOOD.

"We perceive that the Harrisburg Intelligencer, with the mendacity so eminently characteristic of the coon papers, denounces Col. Polk in advance of an 'open Free Trade theorist.' The authority for this gratuitous assertion is not furnished by the Intelligencer, as it is the policy of Whig papers to deal in habitual misrepresentation both of the men and measures of the Democratic party. *Now* WE HAPPEN TO KNOW *and state upon the authority of a* TENNESSEEAN *with whom we conversed at Baltimore—a near neighbor of Col. Polk—that he holds the doctrine of Free Trade in unqualified abhorrence. He has never advocated it, and never will.* He is in favor of a judicious revenue Tariff, *affording the AMPLEST incidental PROTECTION to American Industry.*

He is THE ESPECIAL FRIEND OF THE COAL AND IRON INTERESTS (!) those two great objects of solicitude with Pennsylvania, and *believing Permanence in our laws to be of incalculable value,* IS OPPOSED TO THE DISTURBANCE OF THE PRESENT TARIFF (!)

These FACTS we state upon the best authority and caution of the Democracy of the State against listening to the misrepresentations of the coons."

After having thus relieved himself of his *personal knowledge*, we have every reason to believe, that he felt better for a while, solacing himself complacently, in the fraud he had thus perpetrated.

But what a change has come o'er the spirit of his dream!!

Locofocoism, true to its own interests, acknowledges a '*lie well told as good as the truth,*' and shamelessly retracts all it then urged, and now denounces *protection* to American labor, and the tariff of 1842 as an abomination. Yes, this same editor, in the same paper, pours out his weekly accumulation of gall upon the Whig party, who show up his utter and reckless inconsisteney.

They continue stedfast in the advocacy of the Whig doctrine of protection to the laboring poor; while the locofoco party, a party without principle, skulk from one falsehood to another, led by unscrupulous editors, to sustain themselves, believing that the people, have no reckoning to make with their betrayers. The people will settle this matter at the polls. Open falsehood and secret abuse will there be met and rewarded.

On the 2d Tuesday of October, those Locofoco editors who have heretofore deceived the people, and have the effrontery to own it, as the Locofoco editors in this State now do, will find the "agony piled high," and be compelled to cry out

"*Help Cassius, or I sink.*"

Eleven Companies of Volunteers have reported themselves to Gov. Owsley, at Frankfort, Ky.

The British Tariff Humbug.

The recent news from Europe has knocked out the last prop of the British Tariff humbug. The price of breadstuffs which rose to a great height on account of the famine, and the early closing of the navigation of the Black Sea, is now lower in England than it has been for many years, and nothing but ruin has marked those who engaged in the speculation. By the latest advices, flour was selling in England at 21 shillings sterling, per barrel, which is rather under the price it brings here; and the probability was that it would go down still lower.—This must convince the Farmers, and all who feel an interest in good prices for produce, that they have nothing to expect from the repeal of the American Tariff of 1842, and the enactment of the British Tariff of 1846.

Besides this, the pernicious consequences of this Locofoco measure, can now be seen, and will soon be felt all around us. Our factories are stopping, and the stores of our merchants are filled with common muslins of British manufacture, the whole trade and consumption of which had, under the Tariff of 1842, been supplied by American factories. Our own workmen are thus thrown out of employment; our own enterprizing manufacturers prostrated and made bankrupts, for the benefit of BRITISH MONOPOLY. The Locofoco advocates of this state of things glory in the downfall and distress of their countrymen, and BOAST of the additional millions imported, the product of foreign countries! the consequence of which will be a total drainage of the precious metals, a prostration of our banks, and a general stagnation and depression, which will throw the earnings of the enterprizing man into the hands of the rich and grasping. Is there any American feeling in such politicians? Are they fit to control our policy or rule our destinies? If such policy is to govern us, what shall we become but a colony of Great Britain? And yet President Polk, Governor Shunk, and all the office holding and office seeking Locofocos are its open and zealous advocates. What American can support them! —Pa. Tel.

Consistency of Locofoco Pleadings.

The friends of Shunk urge his re-election because he is poor, notwithstanding he has been in office THIRTY YEARS and received upwards of SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS from the State Treasury; and at the same time OPPOSE the election of Patton because *he* is poor and his opponent rich? Here is duplicity and hypocrisy worthy of notice. Look at it poor men, and ye who are friends of the honest, the worthy, and the persecuted. See the same men that deceived and swindled you on the Tariff question in 1844, now at the same game. Look at the duplicity of those who urge the re-election of Shunk upon the ground of his being poor, but at the same time tell you that Mr. Patton, although he had years of practical experience upon the public works, and is known to be a most efficient business man, is not fit to be Canal Commissioner because HE IS POOR; and that you must therefore vote for his opponent, a wealthy, retired city merchant, who lives in splendor on his income, and without the least effort on his part! Such hypocrisy and attempt to destroy a poor and deserving man, should not go unexposed and unrewarded by those who respect modest merit, or regard energy and integrity that remains firm amidst the trial of misfortune.—Pa. Tel.

Travelling Emissaries.

The country is filled with travelling Locofoco emissaries, electioneering for Shunk, and driving the refractory into his support. The hand of the National Administration is in the movement. It is from the Treasury of the Nation that money comes which pays and supports these political missionaries. Polk, Dallas and Buchanan are alarmed at the prospect of the defeat of Shunk, and are using all the influence, power and patronage of the Government to save him. We caution the people, therefore, to be on the alert, and not allow office-holders at Washington to rule them. Every man should feel it his duty to devote a few days to ensuring the success of Gen. Irvin and the principles of the Whig party—the most important of which is PROTECTION TO OUR OWN INDUSTRY against the monopolists of Great Britain, and the pauper labor of Europe. Is there any American who loves the welfare of his country so little that he will not devote a few days to save it from wreck and ruin? We trust not. Let them awake then to their duty, do it promptly as men who are determined not to be trodden down by those who obtained power by a vile fraud, and boast of the swindle and cheat!—Penn. Tel.

The Philadelphia Spirit of the Times demands of the Administration at Washington the discharge of *all the mechanics* in the Navy Yard who are not Locofocos. This is the Locofoco doctrine—employ none but your own party!

SOMERSET HERALD.

V. B. PALMER, Esq. of Philadelphia at his Real Estate and Coal Office, is our authorized Agent for obtaining Advertisements and Subscription for the "HERALD" and is clothed with full power to receipt for any monies paid to him on these objects. His agency includes the following cities, viz:—Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Boston.

E. W. CARR, Sun Buildings, North East corner of Third and Dock Streets, opposite Merchants' Exchange, or 440 North Fourth street, Philadelphia, is authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "HERALD," and is clothed with full power to receipt for all monies paid him on these objects.

Cheering Intelligence!

Our intelligence from the northern counties is of the most cheering character. The iron region is said to be in a tremendous state of "commotion." Irvin and Patton are all the go, and Shunk and Longstreth are hardly thought of. It will be remembered that the northern counties heretofore generally defeated the Whig candidates, but the people in that region are much engaged in the coal and iron business, and having been, in common with their fellow citizens throughout the State, cheated by the Locofoco leaders in 1844, are determined to go for Polk and Shunk no longer. They now say, if the Whig counties will do their duty, they of the north will this year wheel into the Whig line and give an overwhelming vote for Irvin and Patton.—We can vouch for the Whigs of Somerset, that *they* will do their duty.

Latest from Mexico.

We have later intelligence from the city of Mexico. It is stated that propositions for peace were rejected, and that hostilities had re-commenced on the 8th September. A battle was fought in which the Mexicans were badly used up. Our troops had possession of the principal streets and had driven the Mexican forces toward the Plaza. Gen. Worth was badly, though not mortally wounded.—Herrera, the Governor had recommended to the citizens—men, women and children—to throw stones from the roofs of the houses upon the Americans. Highly important intelligence may therefore be expected from Mexico by the next arrival.

☞Friends of the Tariff—friends of Home Industry—friends of Economy and Retrenchment and Reform in the administration of public affairs—friends of the gallant TAYLOR, who is fighting the battles of our country—if you wish to rescue Pennsylvania from the grasp of Locofocoism and secure her vote next year for old Rough and Ready, then employ the few days that intervene between this and the election in mustering your forces for the conflict! The Locos will be out, every man. Go ye and do likewise.

☞There are a great many persons who get no newspaper, and may therefore not be aware of the importance of attending the election next Tuesday.—Every Whig who receives this paper should consider himself a Committee of *one*, and feel it his duty to call upon his neighbors and bring them out to the election. Whigs! you have no time to lose!

☞An American soldier is known by the fact that he fights in the American army, and a Mexican by his fighting on the Mexican side. The same rule holds good in politics. Those who are with the Locos are necessarily against the Whigs. Where do we find Isaac Friedline and Daniel Flick? Go, seek them in ths Locofoco camp; they are not in the Whig ranks.

PAINT.—Paint township always occupies the front when the election returns from the several districts are sent in. We understand there is but one locofoco left in it, and he means not to vote until next year. There is much conjecturing as to which of the other townships will be next best to Paint this year, and amongst some three or four it will probably be a close race.

SOMERSET against BERKS.

Since the Muhlenberg men in Berks have come out for Irvin, it is thought by some that Irvin's majority in Somerset will balance Shunk's in "Old Berks." All we have to say on the subject is, that if it should turn out so, our mountain boys will be entitled to the "biggest sort of a jollification."

☞This is the last number we intend to issue before the election, but will be governed by circumstances. Should we discover that the Locos are playing off some new tricks in the course of the week, our readers may expect to be apprized of the fact in due time.

☞A man who professes to be a Whig and colludes with the Locofocos to defeat the Whig ticket, is a thousand times worse than a Locofoco; for the latter can claim the credit of being honest, but the former can not.

Grand Rally !!!!!

WHIGS & ANTIMASONS TO YOUR POSTS!!!

Next Tuesday is the day of the General Election, when it is expected that every Whig and Antimason in the county will turn out and cast his vote for the Whig Ticket, from Governor down to Poor House Director.

Give one day to your principles and your country! Let neither rain, snow, hail or storm prevent you from attending the election. Be true to your cause and your candidates.

Locofocoism is bent upon prostrating the Whig and Antimasonic party in Somerset county. To this end the Locofoco leaders have coaxed out several volunteer candidates, by which means they expect to divide and distract the Whigs and Antimasons and defeat the regular ticket.

We therefore warn the Whig and Antimasonic voters to be on their guard. Every effort will be made at the election houses to get you to vote some of the volunteer tickets. You will be coaxed, cajoled, and bantered and bullied. But we know you too well as to suppose that you could be led astray by men who each year for many years past have abused and villified you and your candidates. You remember how they villified Charles Ogle, Joseph Ritner, Gen. Harrison, Gen. Markle and Henry Clay, and how bitterly they denounced you for supporting those patriots. We have therefore no fears that you will now become the tools of those very Locofocos and help them to break down your own party; but we deem it our duty to warn you against their tricks.

Somerset County.

Every Whig and Antimason ought to feel proud of this county. Such is the reputation which the Whigs and Antimasons of Somerset have acquired by their large majorities, that the eyes of the whole people of the State are each year anxiously directed towards them, and every body wants to hear first from Somerset. We have already numerous calls for the returns of next Tuesday's election, and we have promised our friends throughout the State to give them a good account of the doings of the Whigs and Antimasons on that day, and hope we shall have the pleasure of fulfilling that promise.

But a few days remain now till the election, and we would embrace this last opportunity that presents itself to address the Whig and Antimasonic voters prior to that day, and say unto them: Be up and doing! The time for discussion is past; that for action has arrived. Work now! Work from this day on! Arouse your neighbors! Tell them that the Locos are trying to "come it over" them. Stir them up to activity. Bring them out early on the day of election. Furnish them with tickets. See to it that they are neither deceived nor cheated by the Locofoco leaders in your district. Pull all together—and the result will be another glorious victory!

The Locofoco Leaders.

One would have supposed that the rebuke which the Locofoco leaders received from the Whigs of Somerset county in 1844, should have been sufficient to teach them a lesson of honesty and fair dealing for the future; but it seems that they have practised trickery, falsehood and deception so long and so often, that they cannot find it in their natures to abandon them, and would rather suffer defeat than to deal with honorable weapons. Notwithstanding the LIES and SLANDERS which they then heaped upon Henry Clay, the people of this county gave him a majority of more than sixteen hundred; and notwithstanding the same men are trying this year to defeat the Whig candidates by similar means, the people will again roll up a majority of "sixteen hundred and upward rising." Mark it!

"Give them Jessie!"

'Tis said the Locofoco leaders in this county are boasting how they are going to defeat the Whigs, because they think the Whig party is napping. Not so fast b'hoys! The Whigs understand perfectly well what it is that you're about, and will see you to your journey's end! The Whigs know that you are actively engaged in drilling your forces and that you will have every voter of your party at the election—and knowing this, they are arousing and preparing to give you "jessie." There will be other folks at the election, besides yourselves, Messrs. Locos!

LOOK OUT! LOOK OUT!

It is understood that the Locofoco leaders at Harrisburgh and elsewhere have issued handbills and circulars containing all sorts of LIES against the Whig candidates, and it is to be expected that they will be distributed through this county as well as in other places. Be on the look-out, Whigs!

☞**Examine well your tickets, for the Locofoco leaders are not to be trusted.**

☞Remember that the Whigs last year elected their Canal Commissioner by 9,000 votes, and that the revenue on the Public Works has been increased *half a million dollars* since his election. Elect Patton, and we shall soon be freed from State Tax.

☞Poke it at them! Poke it at the Locofocos that their party have created a State debt in Pennsylvania of forty millions, and a national war debt of a hundred millions.

☞The Shunk men and the old friends of Muhlenberg had a blow-up at Harrisburg the other week. The Muhlenberg men declared for Irvin and Patton. The work goes bravely on!

☞Will our friends in the several election districts have the goodness to send in the returns on Wednesday? It is very desirable they should do so.

☞Every Whig who is true to his principles will vote the whole Whig ticket. No scratching of names or changing of tickets.

[For the Herald.

Loco Foco Consistency!!!

Honest Frank Shunk vetoing *little* corporations, such as *little* Railroad, Iron and Coal, Woolen and Cotton manufacturing companies, because they are "oppressive monopolies" and of "Anti-Democratic tendency" and then signing a Bill as he did on the day of 1846, for the incorporation of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, being the *biggest* monster of the kind that ever threatened to engulph the liberties of this timehonored Commonwealth!!! Wonder if *old Honesty* had'nt the nightmare for a month afterwards. QUIZ.

We wonder with our quizzical friend, whether the people of Somerset, Bedford, Franklin, Fayette, Greene and Washington will not remember old Shunk and his mammoth Rail Road Company, when they go to the polls on the 2nd Tuesday in October next. We are astonished that more notice has not been taken of this matter in the southern counties and in fact in all the counties through which this monster does not pass, for be assured while it *may* be beneficial to those counties through which it is constructed and to the rich stockholders, yet it will operate as blight and mildew upon the balance of the State, not only because it forbids forever the construction of a like work in those parts of the State which have hitherto been deprived of this forbidden fruit, a competitor of our Public works (using, as it intends doing, a portion of them for a time,) that the revenue from them will be utterly swept away, and then the money to pay the State debt will have to be levied from the honest hard working people of the State, who may cart their produce, &c. to a market as best they can.

[For the Herald.

Isaac Friedline & Daniel Flick,

Who is Isaac Friedline that is out in the Loco Foco paper for the Assembly? said an honest old farmer to me the other day. I answered that he was a merchant of Lavansville, professedly a Whig, is Coroner of the County and has 2 years to serve. Very well, said he, just let him stay at home.

Who is Daniel Flick, that has announced himself also in the Locofoco paper as a candidate for Treasurer? said another Whig to me. He is a professedly Whig merchant of Somerset borough, in partnership with John Neff, Esq., one of the bitterest Locos in the county, in the Tanning business, &c. Ah! yes, said the old man, I see all about it, Neff and Flick, being in the Mercantile and Tanning business, want to start a kind of bank with the aid of the Treasury, under the name, I suppose, of the Merchants' and Tanners' Bank, John Neff, President, and Daniel Flick, Cashier. Cute fellows! but they can't come it. I, and so do all my neighbors, go for the Ticket, the whole Ticket, and nothing but the Ticket.

And so I think, Mr. Editor, the whole Anti-Masonic Whig party will go. They resolved at last May Court to have a ticket formed—the Convention on the 5th of July did frame a ticket of good, honest and capable men. Two large meetings of the people at August Court ratified the nominations made and pledged their unanimous support to the ticket.—Will they forfeit their pledges? Will they support disorganizers for the benefit of Locofocos? No, I answer, and no will the "frosty sons of thunder" answer at the ballot box on next Tuesday. C.

To the Ladies.

RICH, New and Fashionable Dress goods, such as Plain and Figured Silks, Black French Merinos, Plain and Figured Muslindelaines, Cashmeres; Earleston, Twilled and French Ginghams; Plain, Plaid and Striped Alpaca, from 25 cts. to $1,25 per yard, and a large lot of Calicoes from 5 to 20 cts. per yard at

JOHN. M. HOLDERBAUM'S

Caps! Caps!! Caps!!!

MEN and Boys' Fur, Cloth, Plush, Hair-Seal and Glazed caps, very cheap at

J. M. HOLDERBAUM'S Store.

To the Free and Independent voters of Somerset county.

FELLOW CITIZENS: I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the

State Legislature,

at the ensuing general election. Should you favor me with an election I will endeavor to perform the duties of said office to the best of my ability.

ISAAC FRIEDLINE.

Lavansville, Sept. 27, 1847.

To the independent voters of Somerset County.

FELLOW CITIZENS: At the solicitation of numerous personal friends I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for

County Treasurer,

at the ensuing general election, and if elected will pledge myself to perform the duties of said office to the best of my ability.

DANIEL FLICK.

Somerset Borough,
Sept. 28, 1847.

Bonnets.

FLORENCE Braids, Straw, Rutland and Velvet Bonnets, cheap at
J. M. HOLDERBAUM'S.

Wanted

AN apprentice to the Hatting business. A boy from 14 to 16 years of age, of good moral character, can obtain a situation by making immediate application to JOHN C, KURTZ,
Sept21-1847 Somerset.

Somerset County, ss.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

TO JAMES DOWNER GREETING:

WHEREAS, Mary Elizabeth Downer, by her father and next friend Andrew Craig, did on the 1st day of July, A' D. 1847, refer her petition to the Honorable Jeremiah S. Black, Esquire, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, praying for causes therein set forth, she might be divorced from the bonds of Matrimony, entered into with you the said James Downer, in all time to come, as if she never had been married, or as if you were naturally dead. We therefore command you as we have heretofore commanded you the said James Downer that setting aside all excuses and other business you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at our county court of Common Pleas there to be held on the third Monday in November next, to answer the petiton or libel of the said Mary Elizabeth Downer by her father and next friend Andrew Craig, and to show cause if any you have why the said Mary Elisabeth your wife should not be divorced from your society, fellowship and company, and from the bonds of matrimony contracted with you the said James as fully and as effectually as if she never had been married, or as if you were naturally dead, agreeably to the act of Assembly in such case made and provided, and hereof you are not to fail.

Witness the Hon. Jeremiah S. Black President of our said court at Somerset this 6th day of September A. D. 1847.

A. J, OGLE.

Sept. 14, 1847. Poth'y.

Commissioners' Sale
OF
UNSEATED LANDS.

THE following tracts of unseated lands, situate in Somerset county, and remaining unredeemed for the term of five years, the Commissioners of said county in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, hereby give notice that they will expose the same to public sale, at their office, in the borough of Somerset, on Thursday, the 14th day day of October next—for the payment of taxes and costs due thereon.

Acres.	Warrantees.	Taxes & costs
	Conemaugh township.	
416¼	Statler Jacob Sr.	85,03
412	Newbold John L.	5,00
440	Slick John	5,27½
430¼	Ross George	5,17¼
	Jenner township,	
385	Dehaven Peter	5,67½
320	Bachman Peter	4,87½
404	Jones William	5,92½
400¼	Black James	8,22
	Milford township,	
309¾	Wells James, jr.	3,96
50	Hart William	1,08
150	Brook Jacob	5,29¼
	Allegheny township,	
158	Beam Thomas	2,25
456	Potter James	5,59½
400	Black John	4,88
418	Bridge John	1[illegible],61½
394	Wells John E.	4,81½
265	Dow William	353½
452¼	Potts Jonathan	5,35
378	Hemphill Christian	4,60
167	Melor James	2,88
390¼	Statler Emanuel	4,81½
	Paint township,	
400	Stockton Richard	4,87
435½	Sprout John	5,22
400	Sprogle Thomas	4,87
400¼	Warner Thomas	4,87½
417¼	Haines John, Elias Adam,	5,03
	Shade township,	
400	Stokely Thomas	5,09
390¼	Campbell Margaret	5,16
	Stonycreek township,	
300	Miller John	3,87
	Southampton township,	
200	Brand John	5,77
	Turkeyfoot township,	
108	King John	5,24
419¼	Ling John	7,40
135	Clark John	4,95½

JOHN R. KING,
PETER BERKEY,
JOHN MONG.

Aug31-'47 Comm'rs.

Valuable LAND FOR SALE.

in Saltlick township, Fayette Co., Pa.

AS agent for the heirs of Henry Yothers, dec'd, I will expose to sale by public outcry on the premises on the 21st October, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., the following real estate, lying in Saltlick township, Fayette county, adjoining lands of Henry Adams, Frederick Berg and others, containing

155 ACRES,

on which is erected a two story log house' log barn, also on said tract is a never failing orchard, about seventy-five acres are cleared, fifteen acres of which is in meadow, lying near the waters of Buck creek at the foot of Laurel Hill, near a good range for cattle &c., said premises now occupied by John Yothers; any person wishing to examine the same previous to the day of sale will call on John Yothers who will show the same, the title for the property is indisputable and the terms of sale easy.

JACOB YOTHERS,

Sept. 28, 1847-3t* Agent.

Administrator's Sale.

THERE will be exposed to sale, by way of public outcry, in the borough of Somerset on the 23d day of October, 1847, at the public square in said borough, the following real estate viz:

One House and Lot,

situated in the town of Lexington, Somerset county, adjoining Culbertson Rankin on the east, on the south side of main street, whereon is erected a two story dwelling house and other buildings, possession to be given on the first day of April 1854.

ALSO, A certain tract of land situated in Milford township, adjoining lands of John Baron and others, containing

One Hundred Acres,

the land unimproved and warranted in the name of Cornelius Marteenus.

Also a tract of nine acres situated in said township of Milford, adjoining lands of Henry Walter and David Koontz, about 3 acres clear.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. Terms of sale one half in hand and the balance in one year to be secured on the land.

GEORGE MEESE,
Adm'r of Killian Koontz, dec'd.

Sept. 21, 1847.

Public Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM
AND OTHER LANDS.

THE subscribers will offer at public sale on the premises on Thursday the 21st day of October next, the following real estate, late the property of Samuel Witt, dec'd, to wit:—No. 1. A Farm (the mansion place,) situated in Southampton township, Somerset county, Pa., about ¼ of a mile from the Somerset and Cumberland turnpike road, and immediately north of Jacob Korns' Tavern, containing about

Two Hundred acres,

about 70 acres clear, of which 14 are in meadow, and about 60 acres more can be made; nearly all the land can be cultivated; it produces good crops of grain, but is more particularly adapted to grass; a large quantity of Hay can be made, and sold on the premises at good prices. On the premises are erected a good

Two Story Log House,

cabin barn and other buildings, also an excellent apple orchard and other fruit trees thereon; a number of excellent never failing springs on the land, the woods pasture is excellent, and in short, by good management can be made one of the most profitable farms for keeping stock, in the county. This farm is well calculated for a business man, being situated just 3 miles from Wellersburg, 6 from Mt. Savage Iron works, 12 from Cumberland, and a good road to either place, and therefore can have a ready market for all kinds of produce and lumber, which he may desire to sell. Persons wishing to purchase might find it to their advantage to call and see the premises, as there are other advantages not mentioned here.

Terms, one fourth in hand, and the balance in 8 yearly payments. But it will also be tried for one thousand dollars in hand, and three hundred a year until paid, conditions more fully explained on day of sale. An indisputable title will be given to the purchaser.

They will also at the same time and place offer for sale the undivided half of tract No. 2, containing about 283 acres, pattented land, adjoining No. 1, lands of Jacob Korns, Jacob Riber, John Witt, (now occupied by James Crosbey) William May, Cox & Witt; a portion of this tract is good land for cultivation, and contains valuable timber, such as pine, oak, &c., and is an excellent situation for a tavern stand, the turnpike road passing nearly through the middle of it.—Also, No. 3, the undivided half of another tract containing about 313 acres, adjoining No. 1, lands of Jacob Korns, Jacob Riber, the tract on which Ogle's big ore bank is opened, Daniel Lepley and others, the turnpike also passes through this tract near where a saw mill is erected on it. It contains coal and Iron ore; part of it is good land for cultivation, and some meadow ground, the balance is timber land. The widows third will be sold in all the tracts.

CATHARINE WITT, (widow,)
JOSIAH WITT,
ELIAS D. WITT,
and other heirs of Samuel Witt, dec'd.

The undersigned, owner of the half, mentioned in tracts No. 2 and 3, will at the same time and place, offer his half for sale on reasonable terms, and if not sold, will at any time agree to a just and reasonable division of the same.

JOHN WITT.

September 21, 1847.

SOMERSET HERALD.

SOMERSET, PA.,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1847.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1848.

GEN'L. ZACHARY TAYLOR.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HON. ANDREW STEWART.

Subject to the decision of a National Convention

TO THE PUBLIC.

I observed some weeks since in the "Somerset Weekly Visitor," a resolution purporting to have been adopted at a Democratic County meeting, with some remarks under the editorial head of that paper, both designed, as appeared from their import, to injure me in the estimation of my fellow citizens, before whom I am a candidate for the office of County Treasurer. Though not aware that I had provoked by my conduct, either toward the persons composing the meeting or any one connected with the "Visitor," such gratuitous attacks upon my character, I felt disposed to suffer them to pass unnoticed, believing as I did that they had been made under high political excitement, and that upon sober reflection the person from whom they had emanated would see the impropriety of his conduct. A kind friend, who is well acquainted with the circumstances under which I availed myself of the Bankrupt law, put forth, without request from me, a statement of facts, to prevent misapprehension on the subject, and here I had supposed the matter would rest. Not so, however. The assault has since been renewed through the "Visitor," and in a manner more cowardly even than when first made.

Under these circumstances I have felt it due to the public as well as my own character, to procure such evidence as was nearest at hand and which might place the matter in a true light. The annexed certificates were therefore hastily obtained and are now submitted to the judgment of the public. Sundry others of like import might have been added, had time permitted or anything more been deemed necessary.

I am now considerably advanced in years, and this is the first time in my life that I have felt myself called upon to appear before the public in vindication of my character; and had I been as well known throughout this county as I am where I have spent the greater portion of my life, or even as I am known here in the Borough of Somerset, I should not have troubled myself about the matter.—But being personally a stranger to many of the citizens of the county, and my good name being the only legacy I have to leave to my children, I felt that I would be doing injustice to them were I to suffer it to be wrested from me.

The emoluments of the office for which I am a candidate, however desirable, are nothing, compared to my reputation, which my assailants have endeavored to sacrifice. The good opinion of my fellow citizens has ever been dear to me; and amidst all my difficulties and misfortunes it has been a source of proud consolation to me to know that I have enjoyed it in no limited degree. I claim not to be exempt from the frailties common to human nature, and freely confess that I have committed errors and indiscretions; but this is the first time in my life that I know to have been charged, either privately or publicly, with want of moral honesty, and the imputation has, as the public may readily suppose, deeply wounded my feelings and the feelings of my family and friends.

As regards the intimation of the "Visitor" that I ought to give an exhibit to the public of what I had paid to my creditors, I have only to remark that my private affairs are as sacred as those of any other individual, and that I claim the right guarantied to every freeman of managing my own concerns in my own way.—If it is due from me to make such an exhibit, then, upon the same principle, every candidate for office should be called upon to publish a statement of all his property and of all his debts and credits; the absurdity of which is too manifest to require comment. My business in this respect is with my creditors, and not with the man of the "Visitor;" and if the inordinate curiosity of those who are anxious to know all about my private affairs has been disappointed heretofore, or is disappointed now, I can pity their mortification, but cannot gratify their prying propensities.

With the circumstances under which I availed myself of the law in quesuon, the public are already partly acquainted, and will learn more in regard to them presently. It is therefore not necessary for me to repeat them here. I will not undertake to decide whether it would have been for the interest of my creditors had I not availed myself of it. Perhaps it would, and perhaps not. Nor is it now very material, for a few years more, should I be favored with life and health, will probably see me freed from difficulty.

Fellow Citizens: I submit the following "documents" without comment.—They speak for themselves. Should you deem them insufficient to exculpate me from the odium which my assailants have attempted to cast upon me, I shall bow to your decision without complaint, and shall console myself with a consciousness of the rectitude of my purposes. On the contrary, if they shall satisfy you, as I doubt not they will, that I have been undeservedly aspersed and defamed, and you accordingly sustain me by your votes, I shall deem it the proudest triumph of my life, and shall rejoice to know that in the eyes of the intelligent and patriotic citizens of Somerset County misfortune is not a crime and poverty no disgrace.

I take pleasure in doing a majority of the Democratic party in this borough the justice to say, that they do not approve of the conduct of the individuals who are engaged in this crusade against me, but condemn it from beginning to end. Concerning my defamers I have nothing to say, save that I am proud to know that of the most active of them not one bears the character of a *gentleman*. Of their motives for assailing me I leave the public to judge, contenting myself with having proven, by the testimony of disinterested and respectable witnesses, that their charges against me of dishonesty, not the less gross because made in a cowardly manner, are entirely false and unfounded.

Your fellow citizen,

JONATHAN ROW.

[From Messrs. S. B. & C. P. Markle —the sons of General Markle, Whig candidate for Governor in 1844.]

MILL GROVE, SEPT. 27, 1847.

The undersigned have observed in the newspapers of Somerset county that the character of *Jonathan Row*, formerly of our county, is assailed for want of integrity. Were the attack made here, where Mr. Row spent most of his lifetime, we should not think it necessary to give our testimony in his behalf as being an honest man. It is true he was unfortunate in his mercantile pursuits, owing partly to his connexion with others, and to the pressure of the times, and partly to his inability, on account of the failure of his eyesight at the particular crisis, to attend to his business. Being obliged to entrust that business entirely to others, he in the end became involved; which indebtedness was the urgent cause of his taking the benefit of the Bankrupt act. For years he struggled to pay off his old debts, and at the time of availing himself of the said act we were among his heaviest creditors, arising from means afforded him in the prosecution of the printing business while in Greensburgh. Of course we regretted his failure, but saw nothing to make us lose confidence in him as an honest man. In proof of which we again extended to him a liberal credit, and have the satisfaction of saying that our confidence was not misplaced. WITHOUT SOLICITATION, Mr. Row has, since his discharge, sent us payments on account of the old debt, which he owed previous to his bankruptcy. In conclusion we bear willing testimony to his honest and upright character while a citizen of our county.

S. B. & C. P. MARKLE.

[From a number of gentlemen of Greensburgh, most of them creditors.]

GREENSBURGH, Westmoreland, Co., September 27th, 1847.

The undersigned were well acquainted with Capt. JONATHAN ROW while he resided in Westmoreland county. He always sustained the character of an upright, industrious and respectable citizen, and filled the office of Register and Recorder of the county with accuracy, punctuality, and in a manner very satisfactory to the people. In previous years an unfortunate mercantile connexion, in precarious times, resulted in a failure; and the pressure of the debts of the concern entirely devolved upon him, so as to compel him, like several others of *both parties in politics*, to avail himself of the benefit of the Bankrupt act. Notwithstanding his discharge from the payment of those debts, he engaged with renewed industry in arduous business, laboring under a physical infirmity (loss of sight) and having a large family to support, he succeeded in maintaining that family respectably, *had the confidence of his creditors, and since his bankruptcy has paid several of them portions, and some of them in full the debts from which he had been discharged.* Few men have left the county more respected or so well entitled to the confidence of the people, for industry, perseverance, and honesty of character.

S. B. RAMSEY, JAS. GOODLIN,
A. RUMBAUGH, WM. ROBINSON,
J. ARMSTRONG, sr, S. B. LAUFFER,
J. ARMSTRONG, jr, JOHN FLEEGER, sr,
H. Y. BRADY, J. M'CLELLAND, jr
JOS. H. KUHNS, THOS. GUTHRIE
H. LAUFFER, SAM'L KUHNS.

☞ We certify that we have examined the original letters of which the above are copies, and that we are well acquainted with some of the signers and can vouch for their respectability. We further certify that Mr. Row has exhibited to us vouchers for payments made to sundry others of his creditors on account of debts owed by him prior to his bankruptcy.

A. J. OGLE,
ED. SCULL,
SAM'L W. PEARSON,
SAM'L GRIFFITH,
C. LINT,
M. A. SANNER,
GEO. MOWRY,
JNO. M'CREERY,
F. M. KIMMEL,
JOHN R. EDIE.

LOCOFOCO ATTACKS UPON COL. PATTON, ON ACCOUNT OF HIS POVERTY.

The Locofoco press which has teemed for weeks in wholesale abuse of Mr. Patton, because he is poor, meets with a severe rebuke in the following remarks from the Pittsburg *Chronicle*, a neutral paper. That paper justly asks:

"Is not the humiliation which an honest, but unfortunate man experiences by the reverses which overtake him sufficiently PAINFUL, without every heartless wretch who edits a newspaper, throwing his misfortune into his teeth! What justification can any man or thing offer for grossly assailing one whom POVERTY has placed within his reach! Mr. Patton is poor, very poor, but his *honesty has never been questioned.* Those who are blinded by party rancor, should at least remember that there are some who are bound to the unfortunate by every sympathy of the human heart, and respect for their feelings, independent of ones own manhood, should confine villainy itself to at least the truth, while giving vent to feelings of its malignant heart."

Our readers know that we last week published a fair statement of the case of Mr. Patton, which raises him above the attacks of the mean and malignant, while it must excite the sympathy of the honest and honorable, as it exhibits his honesty and uprightness in the most striking light. —Penn. Tel.

FRIENDS OF IRVIN, ARE YOU READY!

Alarmed at the prospects of defeat, the Shunk men are making most desperate exertions. At no time have such activity and despair characterized their actions. They are unceasing in their efforts, and unwearied in vigilance. The word has gone forth that they must labor with all their might, or their defeat is inevitable. Are the Whigs aware of this? Are they alike active in their efforts in favor of Irvin and Patton? Are they as ready and zealous to expend their time in making ready for the second Tuesday of October, which is just by? Are they thoroughly aroused to their duty, and what must be done to ensure victory? Do they feel that there is not a day to be lost? Do they talk with and warm up their neighbours and fellow citizens to the importance of the crisis that is at hand?—And will they see that every Whig in their respective neighborhoods is at the Polls on the day of election? Will they have the lukewarm and indifferent stirred up to their duty, and see that preparations are made for the aged and infirm to be at the Polls, and help push on the column for IRVIN, PATTON, PROTECTION and REFORM? Let no Whig be found shrinking from his duty at this time. The welfare of the country, of the State and of the WORKING MAN demands their active and zealous efforts.—Penn. Tel.

THE BANKRUPT LAW.

An effort is being made by the locofoco press to cast the odium of the bankrupt law on the Whig party. When this law was discussed in Congress it was not looked upon as a party measure. Many of the leading Locofocos of both houses of Congress advocated its passage, and none were more zealous for its adoption than Robt. J. Walker, Mr. Polk's Secretary of the Treasury; and it would seem that he acted upon the principle that "charity begins at home" from the fact, that he availed himself of its provisions and was declared himself a regularly discharged bankrupt to the amount of something less than a quarter of a million of dollars.—Yet Mr. Walker is the great financier of a locofoco administration. It was no sin in him to either advocate the passage of the odious law or avail himself of its provioions!! We would advise the locofocos to drop this subject; they will find that both as a party, or individuals, they are as deep, if not a little deeper in the mud than the Whigs are in the mire.—Penn. Dem.

BREAD *vs* BULLETS.

The Americans having nobly supplied food for the Irish, we shall look at their flag with increased respect. Their stripes shall be to us significant of a gridiron, and their stars of sugared buns. Glad are we to find that the American subscriptions have been so nobly acknowledged in the House of Commons. These thanks for bread will go far to keep bullets out of fashion. *The Indian-Meal Book* is, to our mind, a much more delightful volume than a *History of the American War*; and the directions therein written for the composition of Hominy-cakes and Slapjacks, far better than any talk of red-coat tactics. Bombs have had their day; let us henceforth try buns; and wherever America has battered our ships, let her, for all time to come, batter our frying-pans. To parphrase the pieman, "Brown Johnny-cakes is in—Congreverockets is out.—*Punch.*

The boundary between the United States and Mexico has been settled and fixed beyond a doubt. Col. Davenport, commanding the garrison at Matamoras, has done it, and done it effectually, too. In order to get at the goods and merchandize entering the mouth of the Rio Grande, he has decided that the East bank of the river is the boundary between Texas and Mexico! Hear him: "It becomes my duty to determine the boundary between Texas and Mexico. This, I understand, to be the left bank of the river, and consequently all goods brought into the river are in Mexico and subject to Mexican duty, (under Mr. Polk's tariff)"!!! The whole civil administration are breakers of the constitution and the laws, are habitual usurpers of powers that do not belong to them, and it is no wonder that the military and the navy should follow the example.

FOR GOVERNOR
General James Irvin,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
Joseph W. Patton,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
Jost J. Stutzman,
OF ELKLICK TOWNSHIP.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
Daniel Lepley,
OF SOUTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

FOR TREASURER,
Jonathan Row,
OF SOMERSET BOROUGH.

FOR AUDITOR,
John Witt,
OF SOMERSET BOROUGH.

FOR DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,
Samuel Will, 3 years,
Henry Frank, 1 year.

New Advertisements.

FRESH DRUGS!

AN excellent assortment of fresh Drugs, Medecines, Chemicals, Escences, Perfumery, Paints, Dyes, Oils, Varnish, &c., &c., just received and for sale at the Drug Store of

WM. M'CREERY,
Oct5 '47 Somerset, Pa.

BRUSHES.

HAIR, Tooth, Nail and Flesh brushes for sale at WM. MCCREERY'S.

SOAPS.

TOILET, fancy and common soaps, for sale at the Drug store of
WM. MCCREERY.

CHEESE.

4 Boxes W R Cheese on hand and for sale at the Drug Store of
WM. MCCREERY.

Stearine Candles.

A DAMANTINE Stearine Candles, a beautiful article, and equal to Sperm, on hand and for sale at the Drug Store of WM. MCCREERY.

Confectionaries.

FIGS, Raisins, Almonds, Filberts, Cream, Pecon, and Ground Nuts, and Candies of all kinds, for sale at the Drug Store of WM. MCCREERY.

NOTIONS.

CONSISTING in part of silver pencil cases, silver thimbles, steel beads, silk twist, (on spools, for purses,) watch guards, chains and keys, beads, necklaces, combs, water and fancy colours, camels hair pencils, crayon pencils, segar aed tobacco boxes, pocket mirrors, tweezers, steel pens and holders, toys for children, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of WM. MCCREERY

BRIDGE SALE.

THE Commissioners of Somerset co. will sell on Friday the 29th inst. the building of a Bridge over Buffalo creek in Brothersvalley township, where the old Cumberland road crosses said creek, at or near Jacob K. Bieghly's.—Sale to take place on the ground at 11 o'clock of said day, when and where a plan of said Bridge will be exhibited.

By order of the Board.
R. L. STEWART,
Oct. 5. 1847. Clerk.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Garret Ream, Esq., late of Conemaugh township, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby request all persons indebted to said estate to attend at the late residence of the deceased, on Friday the 12th of November next, prepared to settle; and those having claims, to present them at the same time and place, properly authenticated.

JACOB REAM,
WILLIAM REAM,
JOHN ALWINE,
Oct. 5. 1847. Executors.

Somerset County SS.

AT an Orphans' court held at Somerset in and for the county of Somerset on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1847, before the Honorable Judges thereof.

In the matter of the estate of George Harizell, Esq., dec'd.

And now to wit August 30th, 1847, Samuel W. Pearson, Esq., appointed Auditor to ascertain the amount of debts, and whether it is necessary to sell the real estate of said deceased for the payment of debts, &c.

Extract from the records of said court certified this 30th day of August, A. D. 1847.
W. H. PICKING,
Clerk.

NOTICE.

The subscriber will attend at his office in Somerset borough, on Tuesday the 9th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of executing the above commission, of which all persons interested are requested to take notice.

SAMUEL W. PEARSON,
Oct. 5. 1847. Auditor.

JOB PRINTING,
NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY
EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF REAL ESTATE,
in Shade township, Somerset Co. Pa.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of Public Vendue or Outcry, on the premises, on Saturday the 30th day of Oct. next, the following Real Estate, late the property of Jacob Moses deceased, viz:—

No. 1. A CERTAIN TRACT OF land, situate in Shade township, Somerset county, adjoining lands of Joseph Ling, Frederick Coleman, John Stump and others, containing 300 acres, more or less, 100 acres cleared, with a hewn log house and barn thereon erected.

No. 2. Also another tract—adjoining the first described tract in same township, containing 23 acres with no improvements thereon.

TERMS—For tract No. 1, containing 300 acres—one fourth of the purchase money in hand, and the balance in annual instalments of one hundred and twenty five dollars without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

For No. 2, containing 23 acres—cash.

Attendance will be given by Jacob Moses acting administrator of the said dec'd.

By the court, W. H. PICKING,
Sept 21, 1847. clerk.

Public Sale of
REAL ESTATE.

THE subscribers will offer for sale by way of public outcry on the premises, on Saturday the 16th of October next, at 2 o'clock P. M. a certain

TraCt of Land,

situate in Somerset township, near Frieden's church, late the estate of Frederick Walker, deceased, containing twenty-nine acres and ten perches and allowance, about two thirds cleared, a frame house and frame half barn and spring house and other outbuildings thereon erected, the whole in good condition.

TERMS OF SALE—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st April, 1848, and the remainder in annual payments of one hundred dollars.—Possession will be given on the first day of April, 1848.

GABRIEL WALKER,
JOSIAH P. WALKER.
Sept. 28-47-3t.

Orphans' Court Sale of
REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on Monday the 18th day of October next, (1847) the following real estate, late the property of Michael Sanner, deceased, viz: A certain

PLANTATION

or tract of land situate in Milford township, Somerset county, containing about three hundred and twelve acres and allowance, adjoining lands of Peter Baker, Simon Hauger, John S. Miller and others, of which about

200 Acres

are cleared, about forty of which are in meadow. On which are erected a two story house, barn, orchard, and other improvements.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the first day of April next, (1848) and the residue in three equal annual instalments, with interest from said first of April next, to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by Michael Sanner and Ludwick Sanner, Executors of the said Will and Testament of said Michael Sanner, dec'd.

By the Court,
WM. H. PICKING,
Sept. 28, 1847. Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,
in Somerset township, Somerset Co., Pa.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by public outcry, on the premises, on Saturday the 16th day of October next, the following described real estate, late the property of Joseph Lichty of Somerset township, deceased, viz:

ONE PLANTATION

or tract of land situate in Somerset tp, 2 miles north of Somerset borough on the Somerset and Conemaugh turnpike road adjoining lands of Abraham Lichty, John Marteney, jr., Peter Lichty, Mathias Shallis and others, containing two hundred and forty two (242) acres more or less of which about

160 acres are cleared,

and under a good state of cultivation, with a large hewn log house, two stories high, weatherboarded and painted, a frame house of one story and painted, a large barn and other outbuildings thereon erected, there are about 50 acres of meadow, and a large apple orchard and a number of cherry and plum trees, all of choise fruit on the premises, also several never failing streams of good water.

TERMS.—$1200 in hand and the residue in annual installments of $250 without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds. Possession to be given on the 1st day of April next.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when due attendance will be given by HENRY MEYERS,
SAMUEL LICHTY,
Sept. 14, 1847. Adm'rs.

Public Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM,
in Conemaugh township, Somerset co., Pa.

THERE will be sold by public outcry on the premises of John Forney, dec'd. in Conemaugh tp, Somerset county, Pa., on Saturday the 16th day of October next. One plantation or

Tract of Land,

containing 180 acres and allowance, more or less, about 150 Acres cleared and under good fence, 25 or 30 acres in good meadow, not less than 50 ton of hay made yearly, with never failing water in each field; adjoining lands of John Burntrager, Samuel Berkey, and others, with a large two story frame house,

BANK BARN,

cider mill and press and other buildings; also an orchard and sugar camp on the premises. Terms of sale, two thousand dollars in hand, of which the interest of one thousand to be paid to the widow, at five per cent yearly during her life, after her death the above one thousand dollars to be paid in five equal annual payments without interest; also the gales to be paid in six annual payments. Also to be sold subject to a dower of twenty one dollars and fifty cents to the widow of Sep. Miller, dec'd., during her life time. Also at the same time and place another tract or parcel of wood land in Jenner township, Somerset co., Pa. containing 57 acres more or less, adjoining land of John Burntrager, John Dibert and others, well timbered. Attendance will be given by

JOHN FORNEY,
MICHAEL HORNER, } Ex'rs.
Sept. 7. 1847 *

Orphans' Court Sale of
REAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' court of Somerset county, there will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue or outcry, in the borough of Stoystown, on Wednesday the 3d day of November next, (1847,) the following real estate late the property of John Graham, dec'd, viz: No. 1

One Lot of Ground,

situate north of main street, in the borough of Stoystown, adjoining a lot of George Graham's heirs on the east, and a lot of John German's heirs on the west, on which are erected a brick dwelling house, back building and a log dwelling formerly occupied as a store house

No. 2. Also, one out lot on which is erected a hewed log stable.

No. 3. Also one lot on the north side of main street in said borough, bounded on the east by road leading to Johnstown, adjoining lot of James Waugh on the west, on which are erected

A Brick Dwelling House

and kitchen, with a frame store house, ware house, and stabling, also a sadler shop on the premises.

TERMS—One third to remain a lien on the premises, during the lifetime of the widow, the interest thereof to be paid her semi-annually. The balance one third in hand and the remainder in two equal annual payments, to be secured by judgment bonds.

Attendance will be given by Samuel Kimmel, Trustee, appointed for the sale thereof.

By the court,
W. H. PICKING,
Sept 28. 1847. Clerk.

Cheap Watches and Jewelry.

FULL Jewelled Gold Levers for $40, warranted.—Jacob Ladomus, No. 246 Market street, has constantly on hand a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, at the following low prices—

Full Jewelled Gold Levers,	$40 00
" Siver "	20 00
Gold Lepines, full Jewelled	30 00
Silver Lepines,	13 00
Silver Quartiers,	$9 00 a 10 00

With a large assortment of Fine Jewellery, such as ear rings, finger rings, breast pins, bracelets, gold and silver pencils, gold chains, &c. Has also on hand a complete assortment of Lunette, patent and plain Watch glasses, Main Springs, Verges, Dials and Hands of every description; and in fact, a complete assortment of Watchmakers' tools and Watch Materials, to which he would call the attention of the country trade in general.

☞ Those wishing anything in the above line, would find it to their advantage to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JACOB LADOMUS,
No. 246 Market street, below 8th,
Sept14-'47-6m Philadelphia.

Somerset County, ss.

L. S. AT adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset, in and for the county of Somerset, on the 6th day of September, 1847, present the Honorable Jeremiah S. Black President, and George Chorpenning associate Judge of the same court.

On motion of Mr. Cox the court confirm the Inquisition and grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Peter Shirer, dec'd, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 22d day of November, A. D. 1847, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased at the appraised price,

Extracts from the Records of said court, certified this 6th day of September, A. D. 1847.

WM. H. PICKING,
Sept. 21. 1847. clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

L. S. AT an adjourned Orphans' Court held at Somerset, in and for the county of Somerset, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1847, before the Honorable Jeremiah S. Black President, and Geo. Chorpenning and John McCarty associate Judges of the same court.

On motion of Mr. Gebhart the court grant a rule on the widow, heirs and legal representatives of John D. Reese, dec'd, to appear at an adjourned Orphans court to be held at Somerset in and for said county on the 22d day of November next, (1847,) and shew cause if any they have why the real estate of said deceased should not be sold.

Extracts from the Records of said court, certified this 6th day of September, 1847. WM. H. PICKING
Sept. 21, 1847. clerk.

TERMS OF THE HERALD.

THIS paper is published every Tuesday, at $2 per annum, payable half-yearly in advance.—If not paid within the year, $2,50 will invariably be charged.

No subscription taken for less than six months—nor can a subscriber discontinue unless at the option of the editor, until arrearages are paid off.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at $1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for every subsequent insertion: longer ones in proportion.

Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," it is enjoined on the Sheriff to give public notice of such election, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In pursuance thereof,

I, Samuel Griffith,

High Sheriff of the County of Somerset do hereby make known and give public notice to the qualified electors of the said county, that a

GENERAL ELECTION

will be held on the second Tuesday of October next, (being the 12th day of the month,) at the several election districts, to wit:

The Electors of the borough and township of Somerset, to meet at the Court House, in said borough;

The Electors of the township of Milford, to meet at the house of John Weller, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Turkeyfoot, to meet at the house of Joseph Pringey, (now George Ansel,) in said township;

The Electors of the township of Addison, to meet at the house of Samuel Elder, in the town of Petersburgh, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Elklick, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Joseph Mills, in Sallisbury, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Summit, to meet at the School House of Myers' Mill, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Greenville, to meet at the house of Geo. Long, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Southampton, to meet at the house of Daniel Lepley, in said township;

The Electors of the Borough of Berlin and the township of Brothersvalley, to meet at the house of Archibal Compton, in said borough;

The Electors of the township of Stonycreek, to meet at the house of Jacob Will, jr, in said township;

The Electors of the Borough of Stoystown, to meet at the house of John Hite, in said borough;

The Electors of the township of Quemahoning, to meet at the house of David Shaffer, in Stoystown;

The Electors of the township of Allegheny, to meet at the house of James Philson, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Conemaugh, to meet at the house of Peter Levy, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Shade to meet at the house of Henry Fry, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Paint to meet at the School House erected on the land of Henry Berkey, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Jenner, to meet at the house of George Parker, in said township;

The Electors of the township of Jefferson, will elect at the house of Henry Baker, in said township;

At which time and places the Qualified Electors aforesaid will elect by ballot,

One Person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for Canal Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for Member of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for Commissioner of the County of Somerset,

One Person for County Treasurer.

One Person for Auditor of said County,

One Person for Poor House Director, for three years, and One Person for Poor House Director for one year.

☞The election to be opened between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by a public proclamation, and to be kept open until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.☜

"The inspectors and judges of the election, shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before nine o'clock of the morning of the second Tuesday of October, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district."

"And it is further directed, that the Sheriff 'shall give notice that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of election, the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceeding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected a judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected a judge shall not attend, then the inspector who shall have received the highest number of votes, shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district, for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacacy."

"In case any clerk, appointed under the provision of this act, shall neglect to attend at any election during said year it shall be the duty of the inspector who appointed said clerk, or the person filling the place of such inspector, to forthwith appoint a suitable person as clerk, qualified as aforesaid, who shall perform the duties for the year."

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspector, and judge when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors or either of them, shall from time to time require."

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceeding such election, and within two years paid a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State 6 months Provided, That the white freeman, citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years and have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes."

"No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless, First he produce a receipt for the payment, within two years, of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another that has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make an oath to the payment thereof; or Second if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose an oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the list by the inspectors and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason thereof having paid tax, or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors, to examine such person on oath as the qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceeding said election, and shall also swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove into the district for the purpose of voting therein.'

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district, in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act, from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, or district, or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to a vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than 6 months nor more than 2 years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid to procure such person to vote, the person offending, shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets folded together with the intent illegally to vote, advise and procure another so to do, he or they offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars; and be imprisoned for any term not less than three or more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such an offence; and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

And the return judges of the respective districts are requested to meet at the Court House in the borough of Somerset, on the Friday succeeding the second Tuesday in October, (being the 15th) then and there to perform the duties enjoined upon them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Somerset, this 24th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and the 72st of the Independence of the United States.

SAMUEL GRIFFITH, Sheriff.

☞*Citizens of Somerset.*☜

Pause! Reflect!! Decide!!!

Men may cry peace! peace!! when there is no peace!!!

The war! is actually begun!! but "Gen. Taylor never surrenders," neither does the "Rev.B. Hibbard's Vegetable Antibilious Family Pills;" where they once charge upon bilious diseases, such as bilious, remitting, intermitting, congestive, typhus and eruptive fevers, bilious cholic, cholera morbus, dysentary, sick head-ache, &c, in short all diseases arising from a disordered state of the stomach and blood; keep the liver stimulated into healthy action, the blood cleansed from all impurities, and you are certain to procure and maintain uninterrupted good health. The most potent purifyer of the blood and corrector of the liver is "Hibbard's pills."

Females if you are unwell, procure and use Rev. B. Hibbard's vegetable pills, they reopen all obstructions, cleanse the system, purify the blood and give animation, health and beauty to all who use them, such as you cannot receive from the use of any other medicine.—Dose half a pill.

Dyspeptics don't despair, here is a certain cure. Dyspepsia of ten years standing, and after all other medicines had failed, has been cured by the use of Rev B, Hibbard's pills; taken in quarter of pill doses, three times a day for three weeks.

Doctor J Wildemuth, of Montgomery co., Va., says he has used them in his practice for three years, and finds them the best medicine he has ever used: never being disappointed in any case he employed them in. We refer you to him personally.

These pills have such a reputation in Illinois, that they have given to them the name of "King Pills." Try them, you who are ill, and want a cheap, safe, certain and speedy remedy. Dose from half a pill to two pills. Circulars can be had of agents free of charge.

Price 12½, 25 and 50 cents per box. Sold by the following agents, viz:

Snyder & Zimmerman, Stoystown,
Samuel Kimmel, Pine Mills,
Walter Chalfant, Allegheny Summit,
J. H. & E. Benford, Snydersville,
Michael Sipe, Somerset tp.
William M'Creery, Druggist, Somerset, Pa., General and supplying agent for this county.

August 31, 1847-6m

BLANK DEEDS.

A Lot of Blank Deeds just printed, on fine white paper, and now for sale at this office.

THE Great Preventive Medicine!—Though Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills have achieved triumph upon triumph, in the cure of obstinate cases of disease, even after they had been entirely given up, and after all other remedies had failed, yet their power of prevention may be justly esteemed their growing glory! "Storms," it is said, "purify the air," but storms do mischief also, and are so far an evil. Were it within human power to maintain the Electrical equilibrium between the earth and air, there would be no occasion for storms, for the air would always be pure.

So of the human body. If kept free from morbid humors, the action is regular and healthy. But if those humors are allowed to accumulate, a crisis, or, in other words, a storm, will arise, which is always more or less dangerous.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are equally well calculated to prevent the storm, or to allay it when it comes. But prevention is better than cure, besides being cheaper and less troublesome.—The delay of a day in the commencement of sickness has often proved fatal, and always renders the case more difficult to manage.

Let the sickness be caused by changes of weather, high living, want of exercise, close confinement, functional derangement, or anything else, the effect upon the body is much the same—is equally dangerous, and is removable by the same means.

Have you a cold? Let it not ripen into Consumption. Are you Dyspeptic? Beware of the hypochondria. Two Pills taken every other night on an empty stomach, for a short time, will, in nine cases out of ten, cure the Dyspepsia, and thereby drive away the legion of "devils blue." For Headache, no medicine is superior to *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.* Costiveness, that prolific mother of disease, is caused by a torpid state of the liver, which these Pills effectually cures. By striking at the root of disease, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills prevent all and cure all.—They can hardly ever be taken amiss, if used with common discretion; and we commend them to the use of those who have not yet tried them.

Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds; Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outward appearance the original medicine. The safest course is, to purchase from the regular agents only, one or more of whom may be found in every village & town in the state.

Agents for Somerset County.

PARKER & ANKENY, Somerset,
M. A. Ross, Petersburg,
Samuel Kimmel, Pine Mills,
G. Parker & Co, Jennerville.
Michael Sipe, Somerset township,
Aughinbaugh & Brubaker, Centreville
Stevens & Schlag, Bakerstown,
J. Shaffer Sr. & Co. Stoystown,
W. Chalfant, Buckstown,
Hay & Baer, Lavansville,
J. C. Darrell, Smithfield.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of *Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills*, wholesale and retail, 168 Race Street, Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich Street, New York, and 198 Tremont Street, Boston. [may4]

CLICKNER'S SUGAR COATED Vegetable Purgative Pills.

ARE universally admitted to operate, not only as an effectual preventive, but as a never failing remedy, in all diseases which can effect the human frame.—Headach, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Piles, Scurvy, Dropsy, Small-pox, Cholera-morbus, Worms, Whooping-cough, Consumption-Jaundice, Quincy, Scarlatina, Liver complaint, Apoplexy, Cancer, Measles, Salt-Rheum, Fits, Heart-burn, Fresipilas, Deafness, Itchings of the skin, colds, gout, gravel giddiness, pains in the back, inward weakness, palpitation of the heart, risings in the throat, asthma, fevers of all kinds, female complaints, stitches in the side, spitting of blood, sore eyes, scrofula, st. anthony's fire, lowness of spirits, flooding, fluor albus or Whites, Gripes, king's evil, lock jaw, Hysteria, bile on the stomach, and all bilious affections, pleurisy croup, swelled feet and legs, swine-pox, white swelling, tremors, tumors, ulcers, vomiting, and others have successfully and repeatedly been vanquished by their powerful arm.

They have been known to effect permanent cures when all other remedies had proved unavailing, and in the last stages of disease.

They have in many cases superceded the prescriptive skill of the most eminent Physicians, and received besides their unqualified commendation.

They have been repeatedly recommended by men of the most distinguished characters, throughout the land, and been sanctioned in Europe by noblemen and Princes of Royal Blood.

They have been introduced into the Hospitals of Edinburgh, Paris, and Vienna, and throughout the disinterested exertions of our foreign ambassadors, they have received the favorable commendation of the Emperor of Russia, and his Celestial Majesty of the Chinese Emperor.

☞Scarcely a Packet vessel of any repute sails from the port of New York, without an abundant supply of the SICK MAN'S NEVER FAILING FRIEND.☜ ☞Agencies have been established in all the principal cities of the union, and applications are constantly reaching us from almost numberless villages in every section of the country. Testimonials of their marvellous effects are pouring in from all quarters—and in such numbers that we have no time to read half of them. What stronger or more conclusive evidence than these important facts can the most skeptical desire! It is possible that the many thousands who tried CLICKNER'S PILLS, can be deceived in their results? If any impostor or quackery existed, would it not long ago have been held up, as it should be, to the scorn and derision of a justly offended community.

Remember Dr. C. V. Clickner is the original inventor of Sugar Coated Pills, and that nothing of the sort was ever heard of, until he introduced them in 1834. Purchasers should, therefore, always ask for Clickner's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pills, and take no other, or they will be made the victims of a fraud.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

Dr. Clickner's principal office for the sale of Pills, is 66 Vesey street, New York.

Wm. Jackson, 89 Liberty street, head of Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., general agent for Western Pennsylvania, Northern Ohio, and the River counties of Virginia.

Sold by the following duly appointed Agents for Somerset county, Pa.

J J & H F Schell Somerset
Edmund Kiernan Jenner ✕ Roads
Snyder & Zimmerman Stoystown
Phillippi & Kiernan Roxbury
Charles Krissinger Berlin
P & W Meyers Meyers Mill
Miller & Dively Salisbury
" " Grantsville, Md.
S C H McChesney Smithfield
Samuel Elder Petersburgh
Elias Stahl Mount Pela.

Likewise sold by the same Agents, the GREAT REMEDY OF NATURE,

AMERICAN OIL,

procured from a well in Kentucky, 185 feet below the surface of the earth, a certain and infallible cure for Inflamatory rheumatism, spasms, colic, sprains, strains, cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, tetter, erysipelas, scald head, croup, inflamatory sore throats, &c. &c.

Price 50 cents per Bottle.

CAUTION.—In order to be sure of obtaining the genuine, purchase only of the general agents for Western Pennsylvania, Wm. Jackson, No. 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, or through sub-agents appointed by him for its sale, each of whom will have a show bill, and general directions in pamphlet form, containing the names and address of the proprietor and General Agents for Western Pennsylvania as follows:

D. Hail & Co. proprietors, Kentucky.

Wm. Jackson, General Agent for Western Pennsylvania, No. 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, to whom all orders must be addressed.

OBSERVE.—Each bottle is enclosed in one of the above named pamphlets, and the name of Wm. Jackson (the general and only wholesale agent for Western Pennsylvania) printed on the outside of the label,

And in addition to be sold by the same agents

Dr. Thompson's Carminative

So justly celebrated as a sovereign remedy for all Bowel Complaints, Diarrhœa, cholera morbus, flux, summer complaints of children and adults, &c. prepared only by Dr. Edgar Thorn (now of New York city, formerly of Pittsburgh.) For the last two years this celebrated and unsurpassed remedy for the above complaints have been well known, and extensively used in Pittsburgh and surrounding country with unqualified success which renders it unnecessary to parade a long list of testimonials in its favor, which could readily be done. Suffice it to say that numbers of the most respectable persons in Pittsburgh and vicinity have used and proved its wonderful efficacy. It is a Vegetable and scientific preparation predicated upon the unalterable Laws of Nature, adapted most certainly to remove the cause that the effect may cease without egotism. It can truly be pronounced one of the best remedies for the above complaints in the United States. No family should be without it, nor any person take a lengthy journey without a supply of this invaluable preparation.

September 21, 1847.1y

50,000 Victims every year

FALL A PREY TO CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA AND RAISING BLOOD, HECTIC FEVER AND NIGHT SWEATS.

Mrs. Adams, 125th street, Harlem, suffered a year with a cough, pain in the chest, night sweats, and all the aggravated symptons of Consumption; nothing relieved her till she tried Sherman's Balsam—half a bottle cured her.

ULCERATED LUNGS AND LIVER.

Mr. E. T. Lawrence, Jackson street, Brooklyn, after years of suffering, and treated by various physicians, was pronounced incurable from ulcerated lungs and liver.

DYING,

as was supposed, he tried the Balsam; its effects were most miraculous; two bottles cured him.

PLEURISY AND CONSUMPTION.

Mrs. Baggas, residing at 88 Sheriff street, 70 years old, has been subject to attacks of pleurisy and consumptive coughs for years. The Balsam has saved her from very great suffering.

ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

L. J. Beals, 89 Delancy-street gave it to his sister-in-law who had been an invalid for years from Asthma; to another considered as in consumption. It relieved them at once, so that they travelled several hundred miles.

SPITTING BLOOD

Is always alarming. It leads to the worst kind of Consumption, and unless arrested in time is generally fatal. Sherman's All-Healing Balsam is the best remedy it heals the wounded or ruptured blood vessels of the lungs, and thereby effects a permanent cure, while other remedies only stop the blood for some time. A few doses of this Balsam will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the medicine required—It has been successful in many cases, and that too where they had run into a rapid decline, or, as more generally expressed, "HASTY CONSUMPTION." Young persons, or those of middle age, are more subject to these attacks than the aged.

Price 25 cents and $1 per bottle.

Sold by the following duly appointed Agents for Somerset county, Pa.

J. J. & H. F. Schell, Somerset,
Snyder & Zimmerman, Stoystown,
Edmund Kiernan, Jenner ✕ Roads.
Phillippi & Kiernan, Roxbury,
Chas. Krissinger, Berlin,
P. & W. Meyer, Meyer's Mill,
Miller & Dively, Salisbury,
" " Grantsville, Md.
S. C. H. McChesney, Smithfield,
Samuel Elder, Petersburgh,
Elias Stahl, Mount Pela.

Likewise, Dr. Sherman's Medicated Lozenges, Tooth Paste, and Poor Man's Plaster.

COUGH LOZENGES.—These Lozenges are a safe, most sure and effectual remedy for coughs and colds, tightness of the lungs or chest, &c.

WORM LOZENGES.—These Worm Lozenges have been proved in more than 1,400,000 cases to be the infallible; the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered. It was reserved for Dr. Sherman to invent a medicine to destroy worms that children would take. Children will take these Lozenges and cry for more.

DR. SHERMAN'S TOOTH PASTE.—A premium Dentrifice, the best article known for cleaning and whitening the teeth, strengthening the gums, sweetening the breath.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.—The best strengthening plaster in the world; a sovereign remedy for pains or weakness in the back, loins, sides, breast, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Warranted the best and cheapest. One that will prove the fact.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES celebrated for giving almost immediate relief in nervous and sick headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, &c.

The above Lozenges, Tooth Paste and Plaster, sold by the above agents for Dr. Sherman's All Healing Balsam.

Sept. 21, 1847. [1y.]

LIME KILN.

THE undersigned give notice that they have lately erected on the land of Samuel Boger, in Brothers valley township, 3 miles south of Berlin, a large

Lime Oven,

which is now in successful operation.—The oven is conveniently to a coal bank, which will enable them to burn and furnish any quantity of lime on short notice, and at the low price of

8 cents per bushel.

They are assured that they can furnish as good a quality of lime as can be had at any other Kiln in this county or elsewhere. All persons are invited to give them a call, and if they are not satisfied with the quality and prices, they need not purchase.

CONRAD STOY & CO.

Sept7-'47-4t

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

Consumption of the Lungs.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—A compound Balsamic preparation from Wild Cherry Bark and Tar—the best remedy known to the world for the cure of Coughs, colds, asthma, croup, bleeding of the lungs, whooping cough, bronchitis, influenza, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the breast or side, liver complaint and first stages of consumption.

We will not assert that this Balsam will cure Consumption in its very worst form, but it has cured many after all other means of relief had been tried in vain. And why not! It seems that WILD CHERRY was designed by Nature to be our PANECEA for the ravaging disease of this cold latitude. Let not the despairing invalid waste his money and lose time, to him so all important, in experimenting with the trashy nostrums of the day, but use at once a medicine that will cure, if a cure be possible—a medicine that science approves, and many years of experience has demonstrated that it always relieves.

"*There is no such thing as fail*" in the history of this wonderful BALSAM. Evidence the most canvincing evidence that no one could doubt, fully establishes this fact. For the sake of brevity we select the following from thousands.

Isaac Platt Esq., Editor of the Poughkeepsie Eagle, one of the most influential Journals in the state of New York, states, under the authority of his own name, that a young lady, a relative of his, of very delicate constitution was attacked in February, 1842, with severe cold, which immediately produced spitting of blood, cough, fever, and other dangerous and alarming symptons—Through medical treatment and care she partially recovered during the summer. But on the return of winter she was attacked more violently than at first, she became scarcely able to walk, and was troubled with cough, chills, and fever every day, and appeared to be going rapidly with Consumption; at this time, when there was no sine of improvement, Mr. Platt procured a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which she took, and it seemingly restored her. She got a second, and before it was half taken she was restored to perfect health, which she has enjoyed to the present time, without the slightest symptons of her former disease.

The following we have just received from Messrs. Fall, McCracken & Co. agents for the sale of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, at Lancaster, Ohio.

To the Public.—I feel it my duty as an act of kindness to the afflicted, to inform them what Wistar's Balsam of wild Cherry has done for my daughter.—There is many a parent who has given up a beloved daughter or son, as a prey to that fell destroyer consumption. They have, as I have done, tried all the most skilful and eminent physicians within their knowledge, and all of the most popular remedies that seemed to hold out some hope for a continuance of life, without getting any relief. ☞To all such who, like me, have been seeking with trembling hope for some remedy of real efficiency, I would say, seek no farther but try at once Dr. Wistars Balsam of Wild Cherry. My daughter Sarah Jane, aged 17 years, whose life for months had been dispaired of, and was supposed a sure prey to consumption, has been cured; restored to perfect health; and that too by using five bottles of Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

JONATHAN COULSON.

Greenfield, Tp. Fairfield city, O March 15.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati on the corner o Fourth and Walnut streets by

SANFORD & PARK,
Gen'l agents for the Western States.

AGENTS FOR WISTAR'S BALSAM.
S. KURTZ, Somerset,
J Lloyd & Co, Donegal,
S Philson, Berlin,
H Little, Stoystown,
G H Keyser, Bedford,
October 20, 1846.-1y